OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

CIVIL PENALTY CALCULATION METHOD

VERSION 2021-02

I. INTRODUCTION

This Civil Penalty Calculation Method ("Method") provides guidance for calculating a civil penalty that complies with the Oil and Gas Act ("Act"), NMSA 1978, Section 70-2-1, *et seq.* The Act authorizes the Oil Conservation Division ("Division") to assess a penalty for a violation of the Act or a rule, order, permit, or authorization issued pursuant to the Act. The penalty must account for the seriousness of the violation, the good faith effort to comply, the history of noncompliance, and other relevant factors. Additionally, the penalty shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) per day of noncompliance for each violation, unless the violation presents a risk to public health or safety or may cause significant environmental harm, or the noncompliance continues beyond the time specified in the notice of violation, whereupon the penalty shall not exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per day of noncompliance for each violation. Finally, the penalty for a violation shall not exceed two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000).

II. EFFECTIVE DATE

The Method is effective upon the signature of the Division Director. Each subsequent version of the Method supersedes all previous versions and applies to all penalties calculated after the applicable effective date.

III. OBJECTIVES

The objectives of the Method are to:

- A. ensure the fair and consistent determination of penalties;
- **B.** impose penalties that account for the statutory and other relevant factors;
- C. comply with the statutory limitations;
- **D.** deter noncompliance and encourage voluntary compliance and reporting; and
- **E.** ensure a level playing field for economic competitors.

Compliance is required in all circumstances. The assessment or payment of a penalty does not excuse delay in compliance or continued noncompliance with the Act or a rule, order, permit, or authorization issued pursuant to the Act.

IV. DISCLAIMER

The Method is guidance only, does not constitute final agency action, and does not create any right, duty, obligation, defense, or cause of action in any person. The Division may revise this Method at any time without public notice or comment.

V. NOTICE

The Method will be posted on the Division's website.

VI. PENALTY CALCULATION

A. GENERAL

The Method is applied by:

- 1. determining the Base Penalty;
- 2. determining the number of days of violation;
- **3.** applying the statutory and other relevant factors; and
- 4. adjusting the penalty to comply with the statutory limits.

B. BASE PENALTY

A penalty may be assessed for each violation of the Act or a rule, order, permit, or authorization issued pursuant to the Act ("requirement") that results from an independent act or failure to act. Examples of Base Penalties are found in Appendix A. A violation results from an independent act or failure to act when it requires at least one element of proof not required to prove another violation. Examples include (1) a violation of two different requirements; (2) a violation of the same requirement on different days; or (3) a violation of the same requirement at different locations. A violation does not result from an independent act or failure to act when it arises from the identical requirement in different forms, such as a requirement in a rule is repeated in a condition of a permit, or when it arises directly from and only because another requirement was violated, such as the failure to submit the results of a test occurs because the test was not performed.

The Base Penalty accounts for the seriousness of a violation, which ranges from negligible to severe. Seriousness is a measure of a violation's potential to harm public health or safety or the environment or to undermine the regulatory scheme. Actual harm is not required. A violator should not receive a benefit because its act or failure to act did not cause actual harm due to the intervention of chance or a third party.

A violation may cause both direct and indirect potential for harm. Direct potential for harm occurs when the violation involves a requirement that protects the public or environment from exposure to a contaminant or an unsafe or dangerous practice. Indirect potential for harm occurs when the violation involves a requirement that undermines the regulatory scheme, such as failing to post financial assurance or impeding the Division's ability to enforce the rules.

The Division reserves the right to assess a penalty not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per day if it determines that the violation presents a risk to public health or safety or may cause significant environmental harm.

C. NUMBER OF DAYS OF VIOLATION

A penalty may be assessed for each day of violation. After the initial day of violation, the violation is presumed to occur on each subsequent day until the day for which the violator presents credible evidence demonstrating that the violation has been abated.

The Base Penalty will be assessed for the initial day of violation. For subsequent days of violation, the Division may assess the Base Penalty or some percentage thereof.

The Division reserves the right to assess a penalty not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per day if the noncompliance continues beyond the time specified in the notice of violation.

D. STATUTORY AND OTHER RELEVANT FACTORS

The following factors are considered to adjust the sum of the Base Penalty and multiday component. See Appendix B.

1. Effort to Comply

The Base Penalty may be adjusted to reflect the violator's effort to comply with the requirement. A violator is expected to cooperate with the Division to address the violation, mitigate harm from the violation, and implement policies and procedures to prevent the violation in the future. A downward adjustment may be appropriate when the violator reports the violation and takes prompt action to correct it. An upward adjustment may be appropriate when the violator fails to disclose the violation or delays action to correct it.

2. <u>History of Noncompliance</u>

The Base Penalty may be adjusted to reflect previous noncompliance with the Act or a rule, order, permit, or authorization issued pursuant to the Act by the violator, its parent, or a person or entity with an ownership interest. Previous noncompliance includes violations that were resolved by settlement, regardless whether the violations were denied.

3. <u>Other Relevant Factors</u>

a. <u>Negligence and Willfulness</u>

The Base Penalty may be adjusted to reflect the violator's negligence and willfulness that resulted in the violation. A violator who knew or should have known about the act or

failure to act that resulted in the violation is negligent. A violator whose deliberate or intentional act or failure to act resulted in the violation is willful.¹ Relevant considerations include:

- (1) degree of control over the act or failure to act;
- (2) foreseeability of the act or failure to act;
- (3) reasonable precautions that could have been taken to avoid the violation;
- (4) knowledge regarding the requirement; and
- (5) level of sophistication in the industry regarding the requirement.

b. <u>Economic Impact</u>

The Base Penalty may be adjusted to reflect the economic impact of the penalty on the violator. For a violator which is a subsidiary, joint venture, or similar entity, the economic impact on the parent or other person or entity with an ownership interest may be considered.

c. <u>Economic Benefit</u>

The penalty may be adjusted to recover the economic benefit obtained as a result of the violation.

E. PROCEDURE FOR RELEASES UNDER PART 29

Part 29 prohibits major and minor releases. OCD may exercise enforcement discretion to assess a reduced civil penalty for major and minor releases in the following circumstances:

1. The operator complies with applicable requirements for immediate response (19.15.29.8(B) NMAC) and reporting (19.15.29.10 NMAC);

2. no later than 60 days after discovery of the release, the operator:

(a) demonstrates that the release was not reasonably preventable by use of appropriate equipment and prudent management practices, or

(b) if the operator cannot demonstrate that the release was not reasonably preventable by use of appropriate equipment and prudent management practices,

¹ A knowing or willful violation also may be prosecuted under the criminal provisions of the Oil and Gas Act. *See* NMSA 1978, § 70-2-31(F).

demonstrates that such equipment and practices have been deployed to prevent the same or similar releases in the future; and

3. The release does not cause actual harm to public health or the environment.

F. COMPLIANCE WITH STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

The penalty for a violation will be reduced to the statutory maximum amount if it exceeds the applicable statutory limit.

G. RECALCULATION OF PENALTY AMOUNT

The penalty may be recalculated whenever new information becomes available that affects the basis for the calculation.

H. SETTLEMENT

No credit will be given for supplemental environmental projects, donations, or similar actions.

VII. RELEASE OF INFORMATION

The Inspection of Public Records Act, NMSA 1978, Sections 14-2-1 *et seq.*, and EMNRD policy and procedures govern the release of public records related to penalties.



Adrienne Sandoval Director, Oil Conservation Division Date: 10/04/2021

APPENDIX A

BASE PENALTY FOR VIOLATIONS OF NEW MEXICO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE TITLE 19, CHAPTER 15

CITATION	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT (\$)
5.9(A)(4)(a)	each inactive well exceeding the threshold	250
5.9(A)(4)(b)	each inactive well exceeding the threshold	500
5.9(A)(4)(c)	each inactive well exceeding the threshold	500
5.9(A)(4)(d)	each inactive well exceeding the threshold	1000
5.11	fail to comply with term, condition, or provision of a permit,	250
	administrative order, authorization, or approval	500
		1000
		2500
7.8	fail to keep books and records	500
7.11	fail to obtain OCD approval	1000
7.13(C)	fail to submit amended form	250
7.14 to 7.42	fail to file C-115 (see 7.24)	1000
	fail to file other form or obtain approval, as applicable	500
8.9	fail to provide financial assurance per well	250
8.16	fail to report notice of bankruptcy filing	1000
9.8	fail to register as operator	2500
9.8(C)	fail to change address or contact information of operator	1000
9.9(A)	fail to file C-145	1000
9.9(B)	commence operation before approval of C-145	1000
9.10(B)	fail to file C-146	500
10	fail to remove rubbish or debris	250
	fail to comply with other safety procedure	1000
11	fail to comply requirement related to hydrogen sulfide gas	2500
12.9	commingling without OCD approval	1000
14.8(A)	fail to obtain permit to drill, deepen, or re-enter a well	2500
16.8	fail to post sign	500
	fail to change operator name on sign	500
	fail to comply with other requirement	250
16.9	fail to comply with requirement related to sealing off strata	1000
16.10	fail to comply with subsection (A) for casing and tubing well	1000
	fail to comply with subsections (B)-(J)	500
	fail to file C-103	250
16.11	fail to report defective casing or cementing	2500
16.12	fail to comply with requirement related to blowout prevention	1000
16.13	fail to comply with requirement related to pulling casing	1000

16.14	fail to obtain approval for unorthodox well location	500
-	fail to obtain permit to directionally drill	500
	fail to test vertical or deviated well	500
	fail to comply with other requirement related to well bores	250
16.15	construct a horizontal well that does not comply with setbacks	1000
	drill well that is projected to violate setback without OCD	500
	approval	
	produce well drilled at unorthodox location without OCD	500
	approval	
	fail to submit directional survey	250
16.16	fail to obtain OCD approval before well completion	500
	fail to obtain OCD approval before producing from Bradenhead	500
	gas well	
16.17	fail to report waste or injury to formations, intervals, casing, or	1000
	casing seals	
16.18	fail to comply with requirement related to well and lease	500
	equipment	
16.19	fail to file log, or completion or workover report, or FracFocus	1000
	disclosure	
16.21	fail to file water use report, including specified information for	1000
	each category of water identified in 19.15.16.21(A) NMAC	
17.8	construct or use pit without permit	1000
	fail to register below-grade tank	500
17.9 to 17.14	fail to comply with requirement related to siting, design,	1000
	construction, operation, closure, reclamation, or emergency	
	action for a pit, closed-loop system, below-grade tank, or	
	sump, except as provided below	
	fail to provide notice or maintain record	500
	fail to comply with sign requirement	500
18.8	fail to comply with requirement related to gas-oil ratio or	250
	production test	
18.9	fail to comply with requirement related to bottom-hole pressure	250
	test	
18.10	fail to segregate common sources of supply	500
18.11	fail to meter and report casinghead gas	250
18.12	vent or flare casinghead gas after 60 days following well	1000
	completion without OCD approval	
	fail to meter and report casinghead gas produced, sold,	500
	transported, or burned	
18.13	fail to comply with requirement related to operation at below	500
	atmospheric pressure	
18.14	fail to report produced water	500
18.15	use or accept delivery of oil through automatic custody transfer	500
	equipment without OCD approval	

	fail to comply with other requirement related to automatic	500
	custody transfer equipment	500
18.16	fail to post sign for oil or other tanks, tank battery, or automatic	500
10.10	custody transfer equipment	500
	fail to comply with other requirement regarding signs	250
	fail to comply with other requirement related to oil storage or	500
	retention	
18.17	clean sediment tank, remove sediment oil from lease, or destroy	1000
10.17	sediment oil without OCD approval	
	fail to test representative sample of sediment oil prior to	500
	transport or commingling	
	fail to report sediment oil removed from storage	250
	fail to report emergency requiring delivery of miscellaneous	250
	hydrocarbons to treating plant or other facility	
18.19	waste of economically salvageable drip	1000
	fail to file C-104 or plat before moving and selling drip	250
	fail to keep records record and maintain C-112 showing	
	amount, source, and disposition of drip handled each month	250
	fail to file map of gas gathering and transportation system	500
19.8	fail to report gas well test	250
	fail to test gas well in accordance with procedure in manual	250
	fail to meter or report produced gas	250
	fail to report well volume	250
	fail to report disconnection of well from transportation facility	250
20.9	produce unit in excess of allowable plus tolerance	500
	fail to report oil in lease storage in excess of 5 days allowable	250
	plus rerun allowable	
	fail to maintain record of unrun allowable in lease storage	250
20.11	sell oil produced during completion, recompletion, or testing of	500
	well without OCD approval	
20.15	fail to report recovered load oil	250
21.13	produce gas well after shut-in for purpose other than test	500
	fail to conduct test	250
22.12	produce hardship gas well without OCD approval	250
23.8	transport oil off-lease without OCD approval	1000
	transport oil off-lease without documentation	1000
25.8	fail to properly plug and abandon or approved temporarily	1000
	abandon well	
25.9	fail to give notice related to plugging well	500
25.10	fail to comply with requirement related to plugging well	1000
25.11	fail to report plugging well	500
25.13	commence temporary abandonment procedure without OCD	500
0.5.1.5	approval	
25.14	fail to comply with requirement related to mechanical integrity	500

	test	
26.8	inject produced water or other fluids without permit	2500
26.9	fail to prevent leakage from injection well	1000
26.10	fail to comply with requirement related to operation and maintenance of injection well	1000
26.11	fail to comply with requirement related to test of injection well	500
26.12	fail to comply with requirement related to commencement,	250
	discontinuance, or abandonment of injection well	
26.13	fail to report regarding injection well	250
27.8(A)	vent or flare natural gas not authorized by 8(B-D)	2500
	vent when technically feasible to flare and when flaring does	1000
	not pose a risk to safe operations or personal safety	
27.8(E)(1-4)	fail to comply with a performance standard other than AVO	1000
<u>& (7)</u>		500
27.8(E)(5-6)	fail to comply with AVO requirement	500
27.8(E)(8)	fail to minimize waste or resolve emergency	2500
27.8(F)	fail to comply with measurement or estimation requirement	500
27.8(G)(1)	fail to comply with reporting requirement, including filing	2500
	complete and accurate Form C-129	2500
27.8(G)(2)	fail to file complete and accurate monthly report	2500
27.9(C)(4)	fail to comply with record retention or inspection requirement	500
27.8(G)(4)	fail to provide C-115 to NMSLO	1000 1000
27.9(C)(5)	fail to notify royalty interest owners fail to provide report to NMED	1000
27.8(G)(5)		2500
27.9(A)	fail to comply with natural gas capture requirement fail to submit plan to meet minimum capture increase	1000
27.9(A)(2) 27.9(A)(4)		1000
27.9(A)(4) 27.9(B)	fail to submit compliance plan	2500
27.9(B) 27.9(D)(1-2)	fail to submit complete and accurate certified report	2500
27.9(D)(1-2) 27.9(D)(4)	fail to file complete and accurate gas management plan fail to file complete and accurate certification	2500
27.9(D)(4) 27.9(D)(5)	fail to shut-in well or submit venting and flaring plan	2500
		2500
27.9(D)(6) 28.8(A)	fail to submit new or revised plan vent or flare natural gas not authorized by 8(B)	2500
20.0(A)	vent of hare natural gas not authorized by 8(B) vent when technically feasible to flare and when flaring does	1000
	not pose a risk to safe operations or personal safety	1000
28.8(C)(1-3)	fail to comply with a performance standard other than AVO	1000
& (6)	an to comply with a performance standard other than AVO	1000
28.8(C)(4-5)	fail to comply with AVO requirement	500
28.8(C)(7)	fail to minimize waste or resolve emergency	2500
28.8(D)(1-2)	fail to comply with reporting requirement	2500
28.8(D)(3)	fail to comply with record retention or inspection requirement	500
28.8(E)	fail to comply with record recention of inspection requirement	500
28.8(F)(1)	fail to comply with measurement of estimation requirement	2500

complete and accurate Form C-129	
fail to file complete and accurate monthly report	2500
fail to comply with record retention or inspection requirement	500
fail to provide report to NMED	1000
	2500
	2500
	1000
	1000
	2500
	1500
	1000
	2500
	2500
	1000
	1000
	500
	1000
±	1000
	500
fail to notify OCD before final sampling	250
	1000
fail to notify OCD regarding completion of reclamation or	250
	1000
	1000
	1000
	1000
	500
	250
	250
	1000
• • •	2500
	2500
	2500
	2500
Department for a use regulated under Water Quality Act	2500
fail to register or permit a recycling facility	1000
fail to register or permit a recycling facility fail to keep accurate records	1000 500
	fail to file complete and accurate monthly report fail to comply with record retention or inspection requirement fail to provide report to NMED fail to file complete and accurate GIS map or layer fail to comply with natural gas capture requirement fail to submit plan to meet minimum capture increase fail to consolidate reporting and compliance requirements fail to submit complete and accurate certified report minor or major release fail to comply with an initial response requirement fail to file complete and accurate C-141 for release fail to file complete and accurate C-141 for release fail to submit release characterization fail to submit release characterization fail to submit remediation plan fail to submit C-141 for closure fail to submit C-141 for closure fail to notify OCD before final sampling fail to comply with other requirement related to closure

	fail to remove all fluids after cessation of operation	1000
34.10	fail to register recycling containment	2500
	operate without valid registration	1000
	fail to comply with requirement for siting, design, construction,	1000
	operation, closure, reclamation, and financial assurance	
34.17	transport produced water, drilling fluid, or liquid oilfield waste	2500
	without C-133 approved by OCD	
	fail to maintain copy of approved C-133 in transporting vehicle	1000
	allow removal of produced water, drilling fluid, or liquid	1000
	oilfield waste from lease or field facility by person not	
	possessing approved C-133	
34.20	dispose produced water or other oil field waste in a manner	2500
	prohibited by OCD rules	
34.21	fail to comply with notice to remove recycling facility or	1000
	recycling containment	
35.8	dispose certain oil field waste without OCD approval	1000
35.10	abandon pipeline containing NORM without OCD approval	1000
	fail to notify OCD prior to abandoning pipeline	500
35.11	dispose NORM in commercial or centralized surface waste	1000
	facility without OCD approval	
35.12 & 13	dispose NORM in well without OCD approval	1000
	fail to comply with requirement for disposing NORM	1000
36.8	operate a surface waste management facility without permit	2500
36.11	fail to maintain financial assurance	1000
	fail to notice regarding changes affecting financial assurance	500
	fail to report notice of bankruptcy filing	1000
36.13	fail to comply with requirement related to records or signs at	250
	surface waste management facility	
	fail to comply with other requirement	1000
36.14	fail to comply with requirement for landfill	1000
36.15	fail to comply with requirement for landfarm	1000
36.16	fail to register small landfarm	1000
	fail to comply with requirement related to records or signs	500
	fail to comply with other requirement	1000
36.17	fail to comply with requirement for evaporation, storage,	1000
	treatment, or skimmer pond	
36.18	fail to comply with notice regarding closure	250
	fail to comply with other requirement related to closure	1000
37.8	fail to file C-113 (refinery)	250
37.9	fail to file C-111 (gasoline, cycling, or other plant)	250
39	fail to comply with requirement	500
Other	any violation not specified in Appendix AOCD will determine	250/
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	500/1000/2500

APPENDIX B

ADUSTMENT FACTORS

TOTAL ADJUSTMENT = SUM OF ADJUSTMENT FACTORS + 1

EFFORT TO COMPLY	
Self-Reported Violation	-0.4
Compliance Prior to NOV Deadline	-0.2
Cooperation and Compliance	0.0
Minimal Cooperation and Compliance	0.3
No Cooperation or Compliance	0.6
HISTORY OF NONCOMPLIANCE	
No history	0.0
Different requirement	0.2
Same or similar requirement	0.4
Substantial history	0.6
NEGLIGENCE AND WILLFULNESS	
None	0.0
Negligence	0.2
Gross Negligence	0.4
Probable or Actual Willfulness	0.6
ECONOMIC IMPACT	
Less than 50 wells or gross sales less than \$500,000	0.0
51-100 wells or gross sales between \$500,000-\$5,000,000	0.2
101-500 wells or gross sales between \$5,000,000-\$10,000,000	0.4
More than 500 wells or gross sales more than \$10,000,000	0.6